Color extensions with the \texttt{xcolor} package — \texttt{pstricks} examples

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Figure 1: Modified version of an example from the \texttt{pstricks} manual; requires \texttt{pst-tree}

\begin{pspicture}(-0.5,-2)(3,2)
\cnode(0,0){.5cm}{root}
\cnode*[linecolor=red](3,1.5){4pt}{A}
\cnode*[linecolor=red!72.5375!blue](3,0){4pt}{B}
\cnode*[linecolor=-red](3,-1.5){4pt}{C}
\psset{nodesep=3pt}
\ncline[linecolor=green!50!red]{root}{A}
\ncline[linecolor=blue]{root}{B}
\ncline[linecolor=-green!50!red]{root}{C}
\end{pspicture}

Figure 2: Moving from one color to its complement; requires \texttt{pst-slpe}

\begin{pspicture}(4,1)
\psframe[fillstyle=slope,\slopeangle=30,\slopebegin=red!72.5375!blue,\slopeed=red!72.5375!blue](4,1)
\end{pspicture}

\footnote{This file is part of the \texttt{xcolor} distribution which can be downloaded from the CTAN mirrors (macros/latex/contrib/xcolor/) or the homepage \url{www.ukern.de/tex/xcolor.html}. Please send error reports and suggestions for improvements to \url{https://github.com/latex3/xcolor/issues}.}
Figure 3: Explicit color specification via a loop command; requires \texttt{multido}

\begin{verbatim}
\psset{unit=1.75}\
\begin{pspicture}(0,-1)(2,1)
\multido{\rHue=0.00+0.01}{100}\
{\pscircle[linewidth=0.01,
    linecolor={[hsb]{\rHue,1,1}}](1,0){\rHue}}
\end{pspicture}
\end{verbatim}

Figure 4: Color series — modified version of an example from the \texttt{pst-fill} manual; note that the \texttt{\multirput} command does not give the desired result here

\begin{verbatim}
\newcommand*{\Sheep}{\begin{pspicture}(3,1.5)
\pscustom[liftpen=2,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=sheep!!+]{
\pscurve(0.5,-0.2)(0.6,0.5)(0.2,1.3)(0,1.5)(0,1.5)
(0.4,1.3)(0.8,1.5)(2.2,1.9)(3,1.5)(3,1.5)(3.2,1.3)
(3.6,0.5)(3.4,-0.3)(3,0)(2.2,0.4)(0.5,-0.2)}
\pscircle*(2.65,1.25){0.12\psunit}% Eye
\psccurve*(3.5,0.3)(3.35,0.45)(3.5,0.6)(3.6,0.4)% Muzzle
\pscurve(3,0.35)(3.3,0.1)(3.6,0.05)% Mouth
\pscurve(2.3,1.3)(2.1,1.5)(2.15,1.7)
\pscurve(2.1,1.7)(2.35,1.6)(2.45,1.4)% Ear
\end{pspicture}}
\definecolorseries{sheep}{rgb}{step}[rgb]{.95,.85,.55}{.17,.47,.37}
\resetcolorseries{sheep}
\psset{unit=0.4}
\begin{pspicture}(-3,-6)(0,7.5)
\Multido{\ry=6.0+-1.5}{5}{\rput(0,\ry){\multido{}{5}{\Sheep}}}
\resetcolorseries{sheep}
\end{pspicture}
\end{verbatim}
Figure 5: Interaction with native PostScript code — $\gamma$-corrected wavelengths

\newcount\WL \unitlength.75pt
\def\WaveToPSi#1,#2,#3,{\pstVerb{/Red{#1}def /Green{#2}def /Blue{#3}def}}
\def\DisplayBar#1#2{%\linethickness{1.25\unitlength}\WL=360
\pstVerb{/Gamma{#1}def}％
\multiput(360,#2)(1,0){456}{\WaveToPS{\the\WL}{\color{lambda}\line(0,1){50}}\global\advance\WL1}\linethickness{0.25\unitlength}\WL=360
\multiput(360,#2)(20,0){23}{\picture(0,0)
\line(0,-1){5}\multiput(5,0)(5,0){3}{\line(0,-1){2.5}}\put(0,-10){\makebox(0,0){\the\WL}}\global\advance\WL20\endpicture}％
\put(350,#2){\makebox(0,50)[r]{$\gamma$ $=$ #1}}}
\begin{picture}(510,345)(310,-10)
\sffamily\tiny
\DisplayBar{0.4}{0}％
\DisplayBar{0.6}{70}％
\DisplayBar{0.8}{140}％
\DisplayBar{1.0}{210}％
\DisplayBar{1.2}{280}％
\end{picture}

$\gamma = 1.2$

$\gamma = 1.0$

$\gamma = 0.8$

$\gamma = 0.6$

$\gamma = 0.4$