Example for seminar.sty

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Information overload = "Too much" information

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You have 134 unread messages: Do you want to read them now?
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- 2. People *should* receive less information.

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- When could there be overload in networks?
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- How does the welfare of the senders and receivers depend on the cost of communication?

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A tax τ on communication is said to support $\mathcal{X}(c)$ if $\mathcal{X}(c)$ is an equilibrium for $\Gamma(c+\tau)$.

Proposition 6. Assume $\tilde{\mathcal{X}}(c)$ is not an equilibrium for $\Gamma(c)$.

- 1. If $\operatorname{supp}(\gamma) = [0,1]^n$, there is no tax that $\operatorname{supports} \tilde{\mathcal{X}}(c)$.
- 2. If $\operatorname{supp}(\gamma)=S^{n-1}$, there is a tax that $\operatorname{supports}\,\tilde{\mathcal{X}}(c)$ if and only if m=1, $p_j>c\,\forall j$, and
 - (a) n=2; or
 - (b) n=3 and $p_i^{-1}+p_j^{-1}\geq p_k^{-1}$ for all distinct i,j,k; or
 - (c) n=4 and $p_1=p_2=p_3=p_4$.

